

## A Look at a Root Cause for DNS Latency

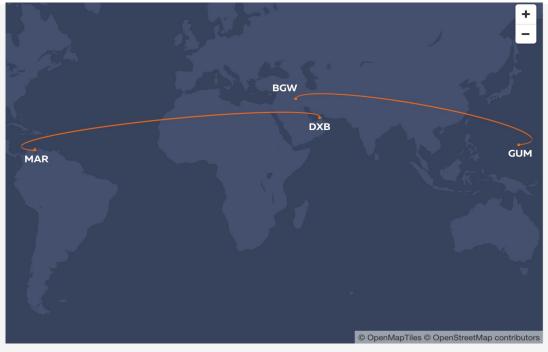
What frustrates Internet users most? Slow DNS



## **The Problem**

#### **What Frustrates Internet Users Most?**





High DNS latency
Due to routing, slowing
down experiences

Traffic is not local
Slow response due to
detour around the world

#### **How Is RIPE NCC's AuthDNS Reached from Asia Pacific?**



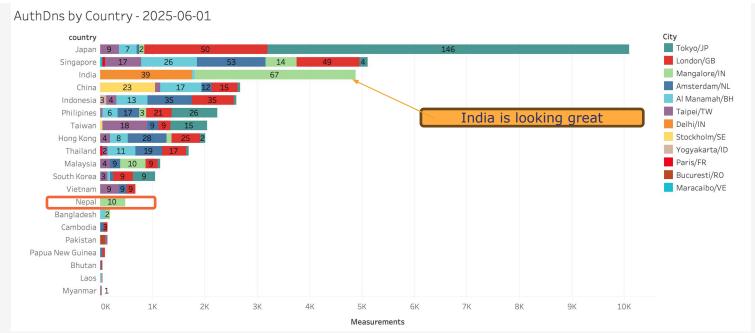
1.	Target: RIPE NCC AuthDNS service
2.	From 1481 probes in Asia Pacific
3.	DNS and NSID measurements
4.	We got replies from 1263 probes
5.	You can do this too!

msm-id	Region	Measurement period		
81884795	PacificAndOceania	2024-11-11 14:01:21 2025-01-10 00:00:00		
81884639	SouthEastAsia	2024-11-11 13:59:19 2025-01-10 00:00:00		
81884620	SouthAsia	2024-11-11 13:59:06 2025-01-10 00:00:00		
81884592	EastAsia	2024-11-11 13:58:46 2025-01-10 00:00:00		
	1460 SouthEastAsia+Oceania 2025-01-12 23:01:41 2025-03-04			
00:00:00 86051450 East-and-South-Asia 2025-01-12 22:58:42 202		2025 01 12 22:58:42 2025 03 04 00:00:00		
https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/				
ntips.//atias.npe.nevmeasurements/				

#### Let's Analyse:



Which node answered DNS queries from certain economies?



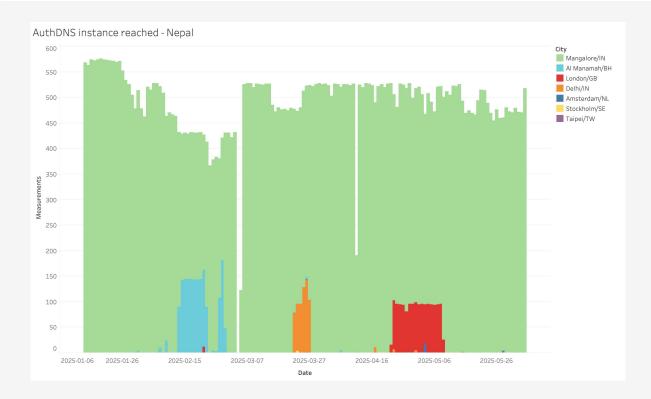
#### **World tour**

- Nepal: All the probes got answer from RIPE NCC's AuthDNS nodes in India
- We have 2 nodes in Japan, some of the probes still prefer to go to London and Taiwan
- India: 2 local nodes in Delhi and Mangalore 95% of the probes go answer locally

#### Let's Take a Closer Look



Which node gives the most answers? 01/06/25

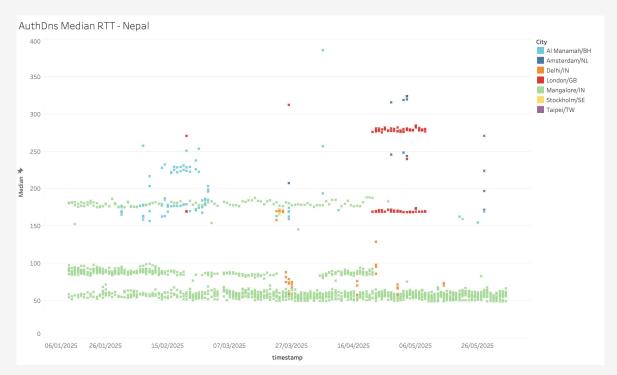


Most queries from Nepal probes got answers from node in Mangalore (India), sometimes from the node in New Delhi, Great Britain and Bahrein.

#### Let's Analyse:



RTT answer from AuthDNS nodes in India and Europe on 01/06/25

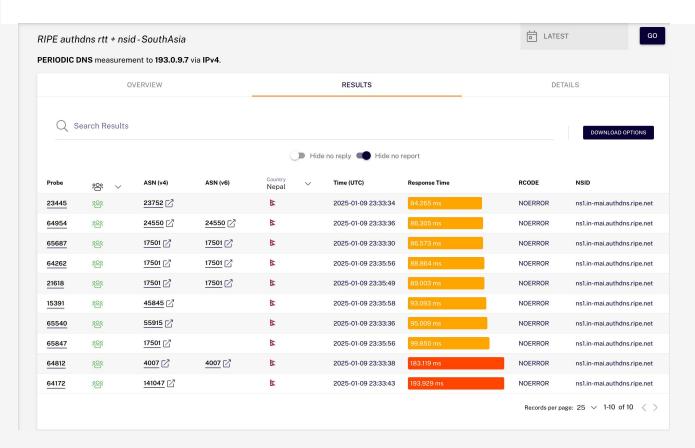


#### **Asia to Europe**

- RTTs to Europe generally are in the 150ms-250ms range
- RTTs to Mangalore node is in range of 50-200ms

#### Let's Zoom in Nepal:





#### **Minimum RTT**

 Having a local node will help reduce the latency

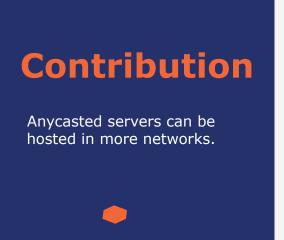


## **The Solution**

#### **Keeping Traffic Local with AuthDNS**



# Anycast Local DNS server reduces latency. More deployment increases resilience.



#### **Security**

- Local AuthDNS is a machine that announces the AuthDNS prefixes.
- It helps reduce path lengths for your network and peers.



#### What is AuthDNS?



#### **RIPE NCC's AuthDNS provides:**

- 1. Reverse DNS zones for IP space allocated by RIPE NCC
- 2. Best-effort secondary name service to the other RIRs
- 3. Critical Internet zones (e.g. ripe.net)

#### Why Host an AuthDNS node?



#### For IXPs:

- Boost your visibility
- Attract more peers with added value services

#### For ISPs:

- Reduce dependency: resolve your own reverse DNS internally
- Improve email deliverability for your customers

#### We make it easy



#### We manage the server:

- Software updates
- Security patches
- Monitoring health and performance
- Restricted access

#### **Designed with resilience in mind:**

- Distributed nodes help mitigate risks from DDoS attacks
- You support a stronger Internet by simply hosting a node



Scan the QR-code to learn more!

#### Requirements



#### A host may provide either a dedicated hardware server, or a virtual server

- Min CPUS=8, min RAM=20 GB, min storage=500 GB, 2 gigabit-ethernet network interfaces
- Dell PowerEdge
- iDRAC enterprise, for out-of-band access and OS installation
- Web-based out-of-band access

#### Hand-On Solution - Be Proactive with RIPE Atlas

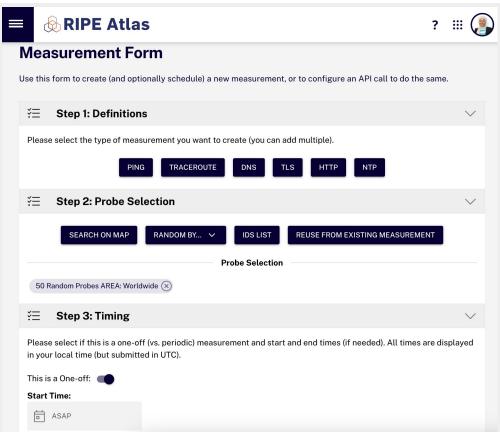


#### Global network of sensors monitoring Internet paths in real time



#### **Try It Yourself: Create a Measurement**

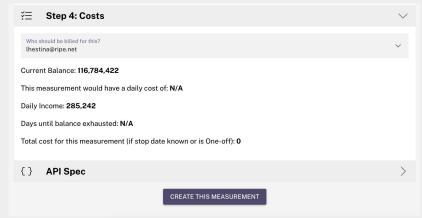




#### https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/form/

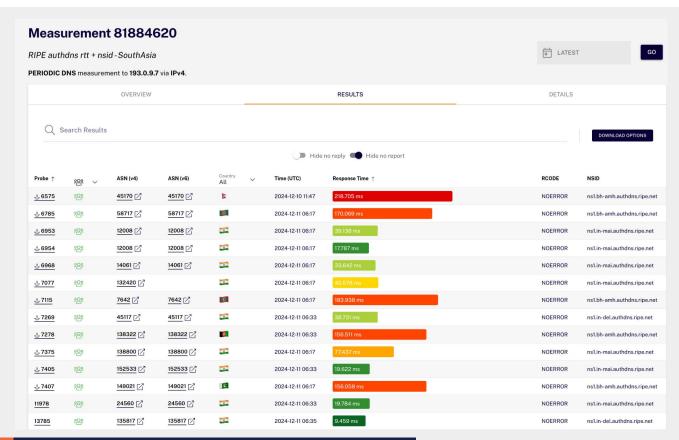
- Create a RIPE NCC SSO account
- Redeem 200K credits NPNOG11
- 3. Get started:





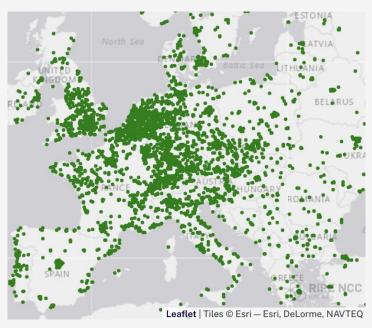
#### **Analysing Results**

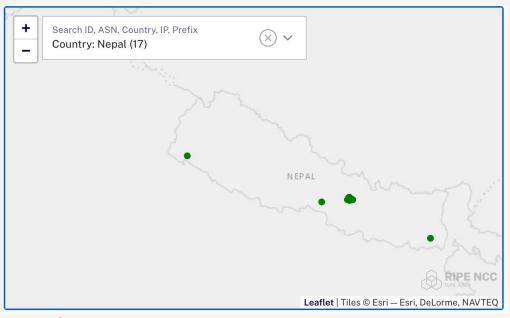




#### **RIPE Atlas Coverage Density**







**Europe** 

Nepal

#### **RIPE Atlas in the Asia Pacific region**



#### How you can help

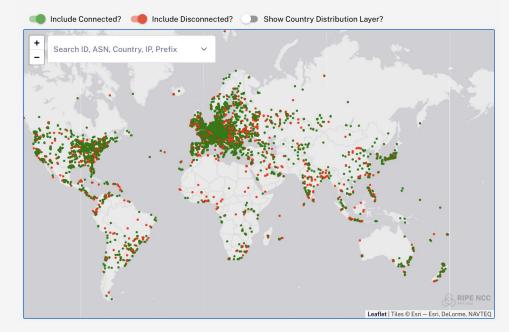
### **Extremely low coverage** in many economies, we need:

- More topological diversity.
   Especially: More diversity in network & type of location:
  - end user vs. core
  - More in eyeball networks
  - Paths via IXPs

#### **Coverage and Statistics**

This page contains the RIPE Atlas probe coverage map and various statistics on <u>Global Indicators</u>, <u>measurements</u>, <u>ASN / IP</u> Prefix / Country Coverage, Top ASNs / Prefixes / Countries, probes, users and anchors.

#### Global RIPE Atlas Network Coverage



#### Understanding how the internet is routed during Internet outages with RIPE Atlas Anchor



#### Don't Just Be a Passive Client, Take Charge of Your Visibility

When incidents happen, can you see how your network is affected? RIPE Atlas Anchors give you a global, independent view.

- Detect routing issues faster
- Understand impact from different regions
- Make informed, timely decisions

Preparation is your responsibility. Visibility is your power.

#### **Supporting RIPE NCC Research** Reports on Internet events

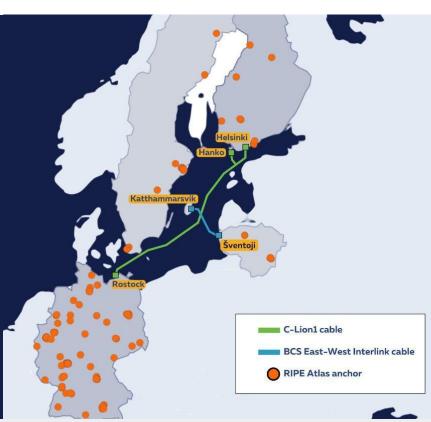


RIPE NCC research into outages, hijacks, and events that damage the Internet

Recent analysis of **Baltic Sea cable cuts at end of 2024** drawing on data from
RIPE Atlas anchors

Read the full analysis on RIPE Labs



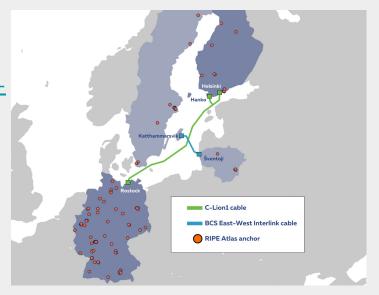


#### **RIPE Atlas Anchors Use Case: Submarine Cable Cuts**



#### Does the Internet route around damage?

- On 16 November a submarine cable got cut, on 17 November another one
- Did the Internet route around this damage?
- We used RIPE Atlas Anchors to investigate:
  - https://labs.ripe.net/author/emileaben/doesthe-internet-route-around-damage-baltic-se a-cable-cuts/
- Findings:
  - No increased packet loss
  - 20-30% of paths had increased latency (0-20ms)



#### **RIPE Atlas Anchor Deployment**



#### **Help us deploy RIPE Atlas Anchors!**

The Baltic Sea Cable cuts analysis was possible because a sufficient number of RIPE Atlas Anchors was deployed in the region (on both sides of the cables).

We consider 5 RIPE Atlas Anchors in 3 cities and 3 networks will give enough diversity.

Check out this page to see if your country needs more anchors for this type of measurement:

https://sg-pub.ripe.net/emile/tmp/cc2a nchor.csv

#### **Network Requirements:**

- Public, native IPv4 & IPv6
- Static, unfiltered IPs (no firewall)
- Same-prefix IPv4/IPv6 gateway or link-local IPv6
- Up to 10 Mbps bandwidth (typically less)

#### **Virtual Machine Specifications**

- x86 64-v2+ CPU
- 4 GB of RAM
- 50 GB of Disk Storage

#### **Summary**



- **Problem**: Slow DNS response times frustrate internet users
- Cause: High latency due to inefficient routing, with traffic often travel not locally
- Solution:
  - Keep DNS traffic local by hosting more AuthDNS (anycasted DNS servers)
  - Host more RIPE Atlas (anchor) in diverse location to provide real time view on the field
- Benefit: Local DNS reduces latency, improve user experience, Share the load during DDOS attack and enhances security by reducing paths lengths and hijack risks
- **Tools**: Use RIPE Atlas for measuring DNS latency and assessing route inefficiencies.

#### Sources



- RIPE Atlas Measurement Result: <a href="https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/81446294/">https://atlas.ripe.net/measurements/81446294/</a>
- RIS How far is Internet from our infrastructure: https://observablehq.com/@emileaben/what-peers-would-decrease-as-distance-to-ris-most
- Baltic Cable Cut: <u>https://labs.ripe.net/author/emileaben/does-the-internet-route-around-damage-baltic-sea-cable-cuts/</u>
- AuthDNS analysis:
   https://labs.ripe.net/author/anandb/reaching-authdns-a-ripe-atlas-analysis-by-region/



## Questions & Comments



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## THANK YOU!

#### **AS path from AuthDNS side**



#### AS-path from Guam IX AuthDNS node to Atlas Anchor #7009

```
ns1.gu-gum.authdns.ripe.net# show ip bgp 45.94.14.204
BGP routing table entry for 45.94.14.0/24, version 63919178
Paths: (1 available, best #1, table default)
Not advertised to any peer
152735 7131 701 3257 8895 8895 208520, (aggregated by 208520 45.94.12.1)
103.142.153.1 from 103.142.153.1 (103.142.152.254)
Origin IGP, valid, external, atomic-aggregate, best (First path received)
Community: 65000:7131
Last update: Wed Nov 20 13:47:46 2024
```